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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/569,714	09/21/2006		Elisabeth Meyer	930008-2207	5929	
Ronald R Sant	7590 02/07/2008 Ronald R Santucci				EXAMINER	
Frommer Law	_	CHEN, CATHERYNE				
745 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10151				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1655		
				MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
				02/07/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	•	TH				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/569,714	MEYER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Catheryne Chen	1655				
The MAILING DATE of this communicati Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL!  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical of NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, but Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a restion.  y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT by statute, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed  HS from the mailing date of this communication. INDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n <u>16 November 2007</u> .					
	☑ This action is non-final.					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>7,9 and 10</u> is/a 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6, 8 and 11-22</u> is/are rejected 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>8</u> is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	re withdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)						
Applicant may not request that any objection	<u> </u>	• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority doc</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority doc</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International I</li> </ul>	uments have been received. uments have been received in Ap se priority documents have been r	plication No				
* See the attached detailed Office action for	r a list of the certified copies not r	eceived.				
Attachment(s)	<b>–</b>	(772				
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>Feb. 24, 2006</u>.</li> </ol>	Paper No(s)	ımmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date ormal Patent Application -				

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Currently, Claims 1-22 are pending. Claims 1-6, 8, 11-22 are examined on the merits. The Office action of Non-responsive mailed on Jan. 9, 2008 is vacated.

#### Election/Restrictions

Claims 7, 9-10 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on Nov. 16, 2007.

Applicant's election with traverse of the species matrix type patch, synthetic rubber, styrene-butadiene-styrene-block-copolymer, polybutylacrylate, N-methyl-pyrrolidone, organic acids, polyester in the reply filed on Nov. 16, 2007 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that there is no lack of unity between the species. This is not found persuasive because under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: For Claim 3, the different types of patches are structurally distinct. For Claims 6, 8, 10, 18-20, the chemicals are structurally distinct. A search of one group is not coextensive with the search of the other groups. Thus, it would be burdensome to search the entire claims.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

## Claim Objections

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Claim 8 is objected to because they all depend from non-elected Claim 7.

If Claim 7 were cancelled, a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph would be required. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 8, 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "comprises or consists of" is conflicting, thus it is confusing.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-6, 11-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer et al. (US 6455066 B1).

Fischer et al. teaches a patch comprising a pressure sensitive adhesive comprising pharmaceutically acceptable salt and soybean oil (Claim 1), with aloe vera (Claim 2), backing is polyolefin, polyester, (Claim 4), polyolefin foil (Claim 5), with thickness of from about 0.6 mm to about 1.0 mm (Claim 6). Local anesthetic can be acetylsalicylic acid as an organic acid, buprenorphine and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof (column 5, lines 41-42, 44-46, 60-61). Penetration agents of N-methyl pyrrolidone (column 7, lines 9, 14). Preferred patches include matrix type patch (column 8, line 7). Preferably the adhesive is a synthetic rubber (column 8, lines 63-64). The adhesive may contain a crosslinker (column 9, lines 3-6).

The reference does teach that each of the claimed ingredients is suitable for combination in a pharmaceutical composition. Thus, an artisan of ordinary skill would be reasonably expected that the claimed ingredient could be combined together to produce a single pharmaceutical product. This reasonable expectation of success would motivate the artisan to combine the claimed ingredients together into a single composition.

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Claims 1-6, 8, 11-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer et al. (US 6455066 B1) as applied to claims 1-6, 11-22 above, and further in view of Nielsen (US 6171594 B1).

Fischer et al. teaches a patch for skin comprising a pressure sensitive adhesive comprising pharmaceutically acceptable salt and soybean oil (Claim 1), with aloe vera (Claim 2), backing is polyolefin, polyester, (Claim 4), polyolefin foil (Claim 5), with thickness of from about 0.6 mm to about 1.0 mm (Claim 6). Local anesthetic can be acetylsalicylic acid as an organic acid, buprenorphine and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof (column 5, lines 41-42, 44-46, 60-61). Penetration agents of N-methyl pyrrolidone (column 7, lines 9, 14). Preferred patches include matrix type patch (column 8, line 7). Preferably the adhesive is a synthetic rubber (column 8, lines 63-64). The adhesive may contain a crosslinker (column 9, lines 3-6). However, it does not teach styrene-butadiene-styrene block copolymer.

Nielsen teaches adhesive agent for human or animal skin with styrenebutadiene-styrene copolymer (column 5, lines 37-38).

The references also do not specifically teach combining styrenebutadiene-styrene copolymer and rubber adhesives together. The reference does teach that these are adhesives used for skin (see discussion above). As discussed in MPEP 2144.06:

It is prima facie obvious to combine two compositions each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose, in order to form a third 10/569,714 Art Unit: 1655

composition to be used for the very same purpose.... [T]he idea of combining them flows logically from their having been individually taught in the prior art.

Thus, is would be obvious to combine styrene-butadiene-styrene copolymer with other skin adhesives because they are taught in the reference to have the same purpose.

## Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

## **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Catheryne Chen whose telephone number is 571-272-9947. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, 9-5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terry McKelvey can be reached on 571-272-0775. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Catheryne Chen, PhD, Esq. Patent Examiner Art Unit 1655

/Susan Hoffman/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1655 January 31, 2008